[~112H3432]

			(Original Signature of Member)
113TH CONGRESS	Н	R	

To authorize voluntary grazing permit retirement on Federal lands managed by the Department of Agriculture or the Department of the Interior where livestock grazing is impractical, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Smith of Washington introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## A BILL

To authorize voluntary grazing permit retirement on Federal lands managed by the Department of Agriculture or the Department of the Interior where livestock grazing is impractical, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Rural Economic Vitalization Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

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- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.
- Sec. 4. Rural vitalization program.
- Sec. 5. Effect of waiver of grazing permit or lease.

## 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
  - (1) The use of Federal lands by grazing permittees and lessees for commercial livestock grazing is increasingly difficult due to growing conflicts with other legitimate multiple uses of the lands, such as environmental protection and burgeoning recreational use, and with congressionally mandated goals of wildlife and habitat protection and improved water quality and quantity.
    - (2) A combination of sustained drought, foreign competition, changing domestic markets, industry restructuring, and individual ranch finances has resulted in Federal grazing permits and leases becoming stranded investments for many permittees and lessees.
    - (3) Attempts to resolve grazing conflicts with other multiple uses often require extensive range developments, intensive herd management, and continuous monitoring that greatly increases costs to both permittees and lessees and taxpayers, far out of proportion to the benefit received.

1	(4) Certain grazing allotments on Federal lands
2	have, or are likely to become, unsuitable for commer-
3	cial livestock production as a result of the combined
4	effect of the factors referred to in paragraphs (1)
5	through (3) and other factors.
6	(5) The cost of the Federal grazing program
7	greatly exceeds revenues to the Federal treasury
8	from grazing receipts.
9	(6) Many permittees and lessees have indicated
10	their willingness to end their commercial livestock
11	grazing on Federal lands in exchange for compensa-
12	tion to reasonably compensate them for the effort
13	and investment that they have made in a grazing al-
14	lotment.
15	(7) Compensating permittees and lessees who
16	relinquish their grazing permit or lease would help
17	recapitalize an ailing sector of rural America by pro-
18	viding economic options to permittees and lessees
19	that do not presently exist by allowing them to re-
20	structure their ranch operations, start new busi-
21	nesses, or retire with security.
22	(8) Paying reasonable compensation for the re-
23	linquishment of a grazing permit or lease will help
24	alleviate the need for permittees and lessees to sell
25	or subdivide their private lands.

## 1 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act:
3	(1) COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK GRAZING.—The
4	term "commercial livestock grazing" means the
5	grazing of domestic livestock on Federal lands as au-
6	thorized by a grazing permit or lease. The term does
7	not include beasts of burden used for recreational
8	purposes.
9	(2) Grazing allotment.—The term "grazing
10	allotment" means the designated portion of Federal
11	land upon which domestic livestock are permitted to
12	graze by a grazing permit or lease.
13	(3) Grazing Permit; Lease.—The terms
14	"grazing permit or lease" and "grazing permit and
15	lease" mean any document authorizing the use of
16	Federal lands for the purpose of commercial live-
17	stock grazing.
18	(4) Permittee; Lessee.—The terms "per-
19	mittee or lessee" and "permittee and lessee" mean
20	a livestock operator that holds a valid existing graz-
21	ing permit or lease.
22	(5) Range Developments.—The term "range
23	developments" means structures, fences, and other
24	permanent fixtures placed on Federal lands for the
25	furtherance of the purpose of grazing domestic live-
26	stock. The term does not include rolling stock, live-

1	stock and diversions of water from Federal lands
2	onto non-Federal lands.
3	(6) Secretaries.—The term "Secretaries" re-
4	fers to the Secretary of Agriculture and the Sec-
5	retary of Interior.
6	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
7	the Secretary of Agriculture or the Secretary of the
8	Interior, as appropriate to the administration of a
9	grazing permit or lease.
10	SEC. 4. RURAL VITALIZATION PROGRAM.
11	(a) Waiver of Grazing Permit or Lease.—
12	(1) Acceptance by secretary.—Subject to
13	the limitation set forth in subsection (c), the Sec-
14	retary shall accept any grazing permit or lease that
15	is waived by a grazing permittee or lessee.
16	(2) TERMINATION.—The Secretary shall termi-
17	nate any grazing permit or lease acquired under
18	paragraph (1).
19	(3) No New Grazing Permit or Lease.—
20	With respect to each grazing lease or grazing permit
21	waived under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
22	(A) not issue any new grazing permit or
23	lease within the grazing allotment covered by
24	the grazing permit or lease; and

1	(B) ensure a permanent end to livestock
2	grazing on the grazing allotment covered by the
3	grazing permit or lease.
4	(b) Waiver of Grazing Permit or Lease on
5	COMMON ALLOTMENTS.—
6	(1) In general.—If a grazing allotment cov-
7	ered by a grazing permit or lease that is waived
8	under subsection (a) is also covered by another graz-
9	ing permit or lease that is not waived, the Secretary
10	shall reduce the level of commercial livestock grazing
11	on the grazing allotment to reflect the waiver.
12	(2) AUTHORIZED LEVEL.—To ensure that there
13	is a permanent reduction in the level of livestock
14	grazing on the land covered by the grazing permit
15	or lease waived under subsection (a), the Secretary
16	shall not allow grazing to exceed the level established
17	under paragraph (1).
18	(c) Limitation.—The Secretaries shall accept not
19	more than 100 grazing permits and leases, in the aggre-
20	gate, per year under this section on a first come, first
21	served basis.
22	SEC. 5. EFFECT OF WAIVER OF GRAZING PERMIT OR
23	LEASE.
24	(a) Effect on Range Developments.—A per-
25	mittee or lessee who waives a grazing permit or lease to

- 1 the Secretary under section 4 shall be deemed to have
- 2 waived any claim to all range developments on the associ-
- 3 ated grazing allotment, notwithstanding any other provi-
- 4 sion of law.
- 5 (b) Securing Retired Allotments Against Un-
- 6 AUTHORIZED USE.—The Secretary shall ensure that graz-
- 7 ing allotments retired from grazing under this Act are ren-
- 8 dered reasonably secure from trespass grazing by domestic
- 9 livestock.
- 10 (c) Relation to Other Authority.—Nothing in
- 11 this Act shall be construed to affect the Secretary's au-
- 12 thority to modify or terminate grazing permits or leases
- 13 in accordance with other law.
- 14 (d) Relation to Valid Existing Rights.—Noth-
- 15 ing in this Act affects the allocation, ownership, interest,
- 16 or control, in existence on the date of the enactment of
- 17 this Act, of any water, water right, or any other valid ex-
- 18 isting right held by the United States, Indian tribe, State,
- 19 county, municipality or private individual, partnership or
- 20 corporation.